

### Plate Boundaries and Earthquakes

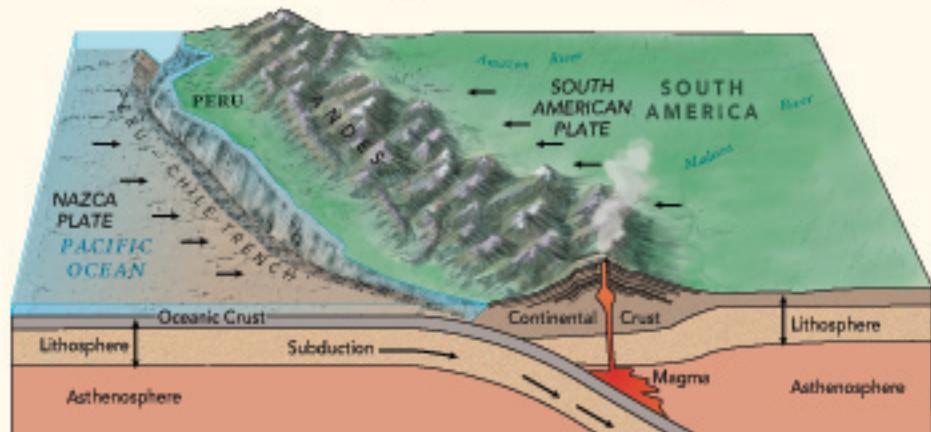
- Earthquake region
- Location of major earthquake
- Plate boundary
- Direction of plate movement

The movement of Earth's crustal plates causes the phenomena known as earthquakes. The surface of the Earth actually moves or quakes. An **earthquake** can have the destructive energy of an atomic bomb. However, thousands of earthquakes occur each day all over the world without most people realizing it.

The majority of earthquakes occur along a **fault**. A fault is usually a weak or broken area in the rocks beneath the surface of the Earth, but some, like the *San Andreas Fault* in California, can be seen on the surface. See pages 58–59 to learn more about faults.

The Richter Scale measures the energy of an earthquake. This measurement is obtained from the focus, or hypocenter, the spot where the first break in the rock layers occurs. The spot on the surface of the Earth, directly above the focus and nearest to the source of energy is called the **epicenter**.

Earthquake damage is caused by this energy, called seismic energy, moving through the rocks or along the surface. Many geographic factors, both physical and human, determine how much damage is done by these seismic waves of energy.



### Major Earthquakes since 1900

| Date           | Location                                       | Richter Scale Magnitude |
|----------------|--|-------------------------|
| April 4, 1906  | Kangra, India . . . . .                        | 8.6                     |
| April 18, 1906 | San Francisco, California . . . . .            | 7.8                     |
| Dec. 28, 1908  | Messina, Italy . . . . .                       | 7.5                     |
| Dec 16, 1920   | Gansu Province, China . . . . .                | 8.6                     |
| Sept. 1, 1923  | Sagami Bay (near Yokohama), Japan . . . . .    | 8.3                     |
| May 22, 1927   | Xining, China . . . . .                        | 8.3                     |
| Dec. 25, 1932  | Gansu Province, China . . . . .                | 7.6                     |
| March 2, 1933  | off northeast coast of Honshu, Japan . . . . . | 8.9                     |
| Jan. 15, 1934  | Bihar, India/Nepal . . . . .                   | 8.4                     |
| May 30, 1935   | Quetta, Pakistan . . . . .                     | 7.5                     |
| Jan. 25, 1939  | Chillán, Chile . . . . .                       | 8.3                     |
| Dec. 26, 1939  | Erzincan, Turkey . . . . .                     | 8.0                     |
| Dec. 21, 1946  | Honshu, Japan . . . . .                        | 8.4                     |
| Oct. 5, 1948   | Ashgabat, Turkmenistan . . . . .               | 7.3                     |
| Aug. 15, 1950  | Assam, India . . . . .                         | 8.7                     |
| May 22, 1960   | Arauco, Chile . . . . .                        | 9.5                     |
| March 27, 1964 | Anchorage, Alaska . . . . .                    | 9.2                     |
| May 31, 1970   | Northern Peru, near Chimbote . . . . .         | 7.8                     |
| Feb. 4, 1976   | Guatemala City, Guatemala . . . . .            | 7.5                     |
| July 28, 1976  | Tangshan, China . . . . .                      | 8.0                     |
| Oct. 10, 1980  | El Asnam, Algeria . . . . .                    | 7.7                     |
| Sept. 19, 1985 | Mexico City, Mexico . . . . .                  | 8.1                     |
| June 20, 1990  | Western Iran, near Qazvin . . . . .            | 7.7                     |
| Dec. 12, 1992  | Flores Island, Indonesia . . . . .             | 7.5                     |
| Jan. 17, 1995  | Kobe, Japan . . . . .                          | 6.9                     |
| Aug. 17, 1999  | Istanbul, Turkey . . . . .                     | 7.4                     |
| Jan. 26, 2001  | Ahmedabad, India . . . . .                     | 7.7                     |

Source: National Earthquake Information Center, U.S.G.S.